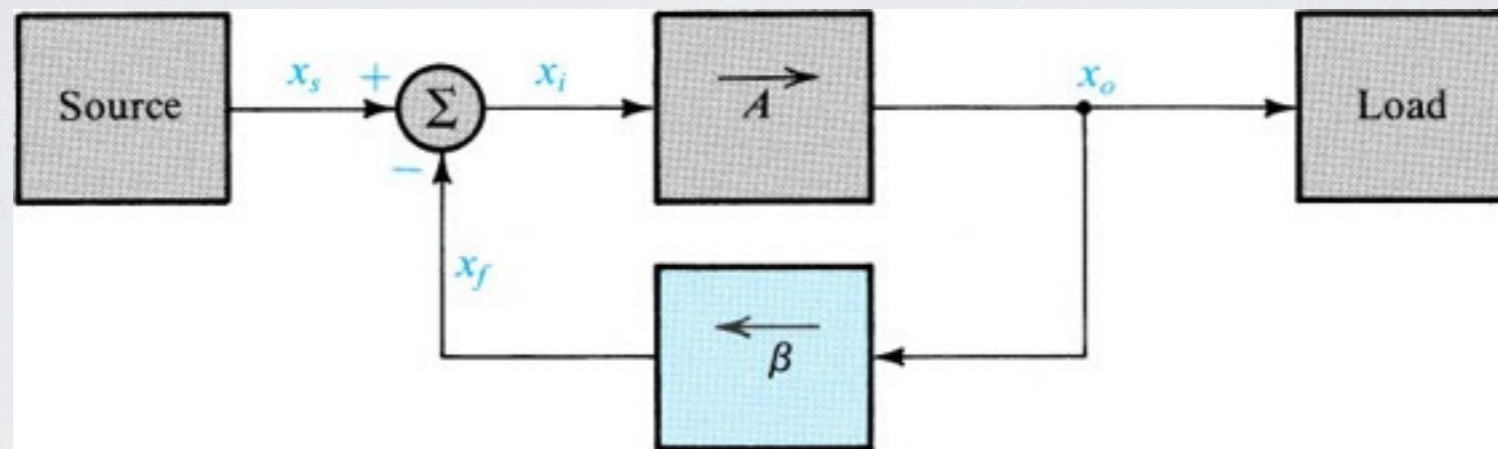
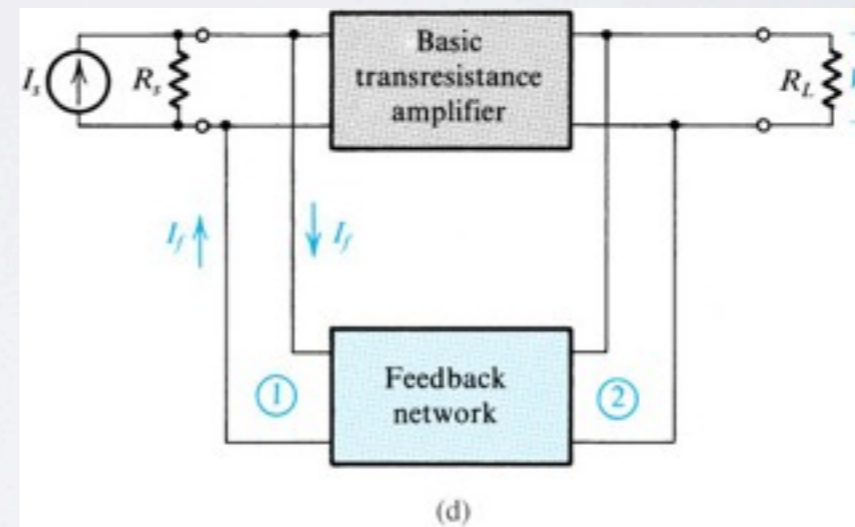
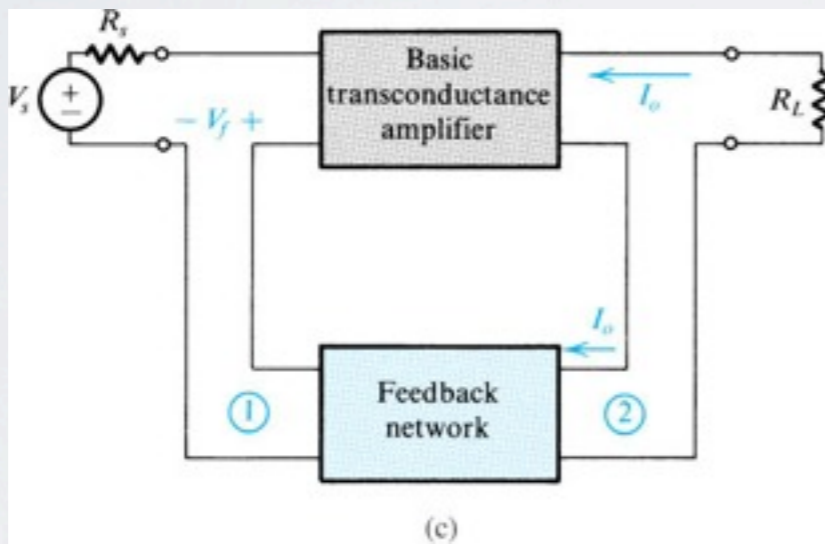
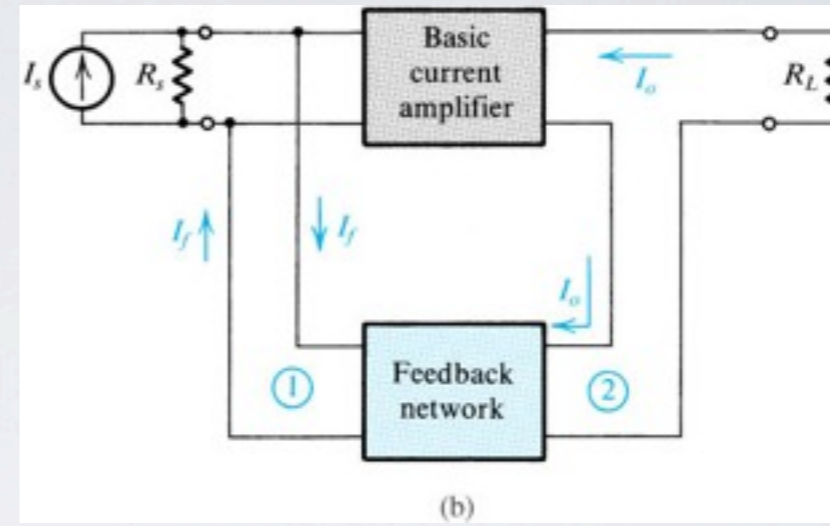
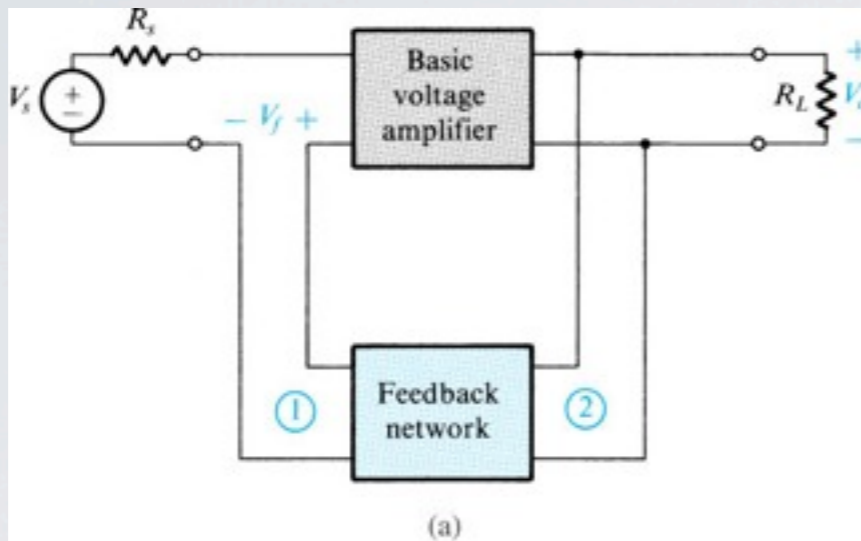


# FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS

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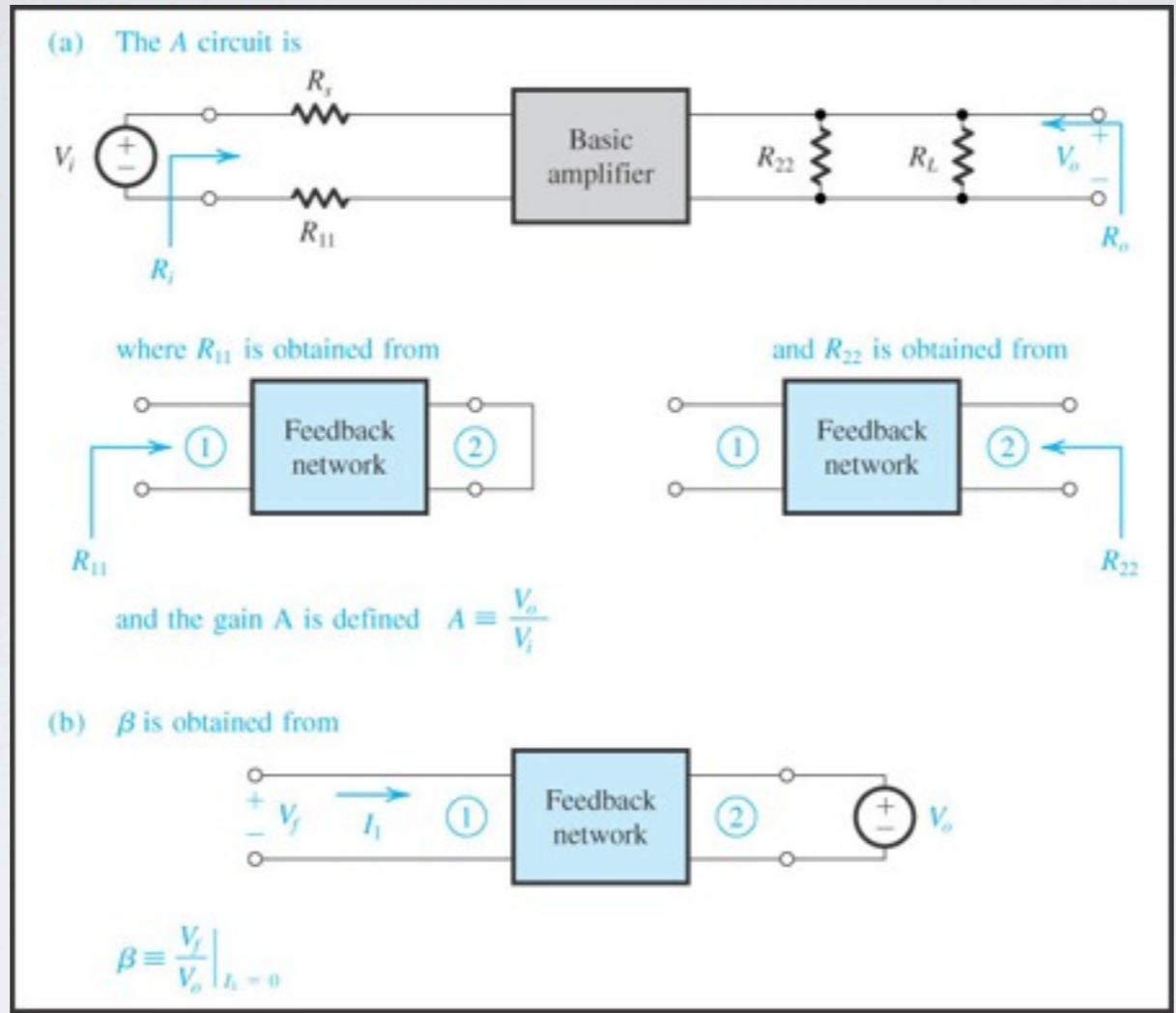
**Figure 8.1** General structure of the feedback amplifier. This is a signal-flow diagram, and the quantities  $x$  represent either voltage or current signals.



**Figure 8.4** The four basic feedback topologies: (a) voltage-mixing voltage-sampling (series–shunt) topology; (b) current-mixing current-sampling (shunt–series) topology; (c) voltage-mixing current-sampling (series–series) topology; (d) current-mixing voltage-sampling (shunt–shunt) topology.

**TABLE 8.1** Summary of Relationships for the Four Feedback Amplifier Topologies

Feedback Amplifier	$x_i$	$x_o$	$x_f$	$x_s$	$A$	$\beta$	$A_f$	Source Form	Loading of Feedback Network Is Obtained		To Find $\beta$ , Apply to Port 2 of Feedback Network	$Z_{if}$	$Z_{of}$	Refer to Figs.
									At Input	At Output				
Series-shunt (voltage amplifier)	$V_i$	$V_o$	$V_f$	$V_s$	$\frac{V_o}{V_i}$	$\frac{V_f}{V_o}$	$\frac{V_o}{V_s}$	Thévenin	By short-circuiting port 2 of feedback network	By open-circuiting port 1 of feedback network	a voltage, and find the open-circuit voltage at port 1	$Z_i(1 + A\beta)$	$\frac{Z_o}{1 + A\beta}$	8.4(a) 8.8 8.10 8.11
Shunt-series (current amplifier)	$I_i$	$I_o$	$I_f$	$I_s$	$\frac{I_o}{I_i}$	$\frac{I_f}{I_o}$	$\frac{I_o}{I_s}$	Norton	By open-circuiting port 2 of feedback network	By short-circuiting port 1 of feedback network	a current, and find the short-circuit current at port 1	$\frac{Z_i}{1 + A\beta}$	$Z_o(1 + A\beta)$	8.4(b) 8.22 8.23 8.24
Series-series (transconductance amplifier)	$V_i$	$I_o$	$V_f$	$V_s$	$\frac{I_o}{V_i}$	$\frac{V_f}{I_o}$	$\frac{I_o}{V_s}$	Thévenin	By open-circuiting port 2 of feedback network	By open-circuiting port 1 of feedback network	a current, and find the open-circuit voltage at port 1	$Z_i(1 + A\beta)$	$Z_o(1 + A\beta)$	8.4(c) 8.13 8.15 8.16
Shunt-shunt (transresistance amplifier)	$I_i$	$V_o$	$I_f$	$I_s$	$\frac{V_o}{I_i}$	$\frac{I_f}{V_o}$	$\frac{V_o}{I_s}$	Norton	By short-circuiting port 2 of feedback network	By short-circuiting port 1 of feedback network	a voltage, and find the short-circuit current at port 1	$\frac{Z_i}{1 + A\beta}$	$\frac{Z_o}{1 + A\beta}$	8.4(d) 8.18 8.19 8.20



**Figure 8.11** Summary of the rules for finding the  $A$  circuit and  $\beta$  for the voltage-mixing voltage-sampling case of Fig. 8.10(a).

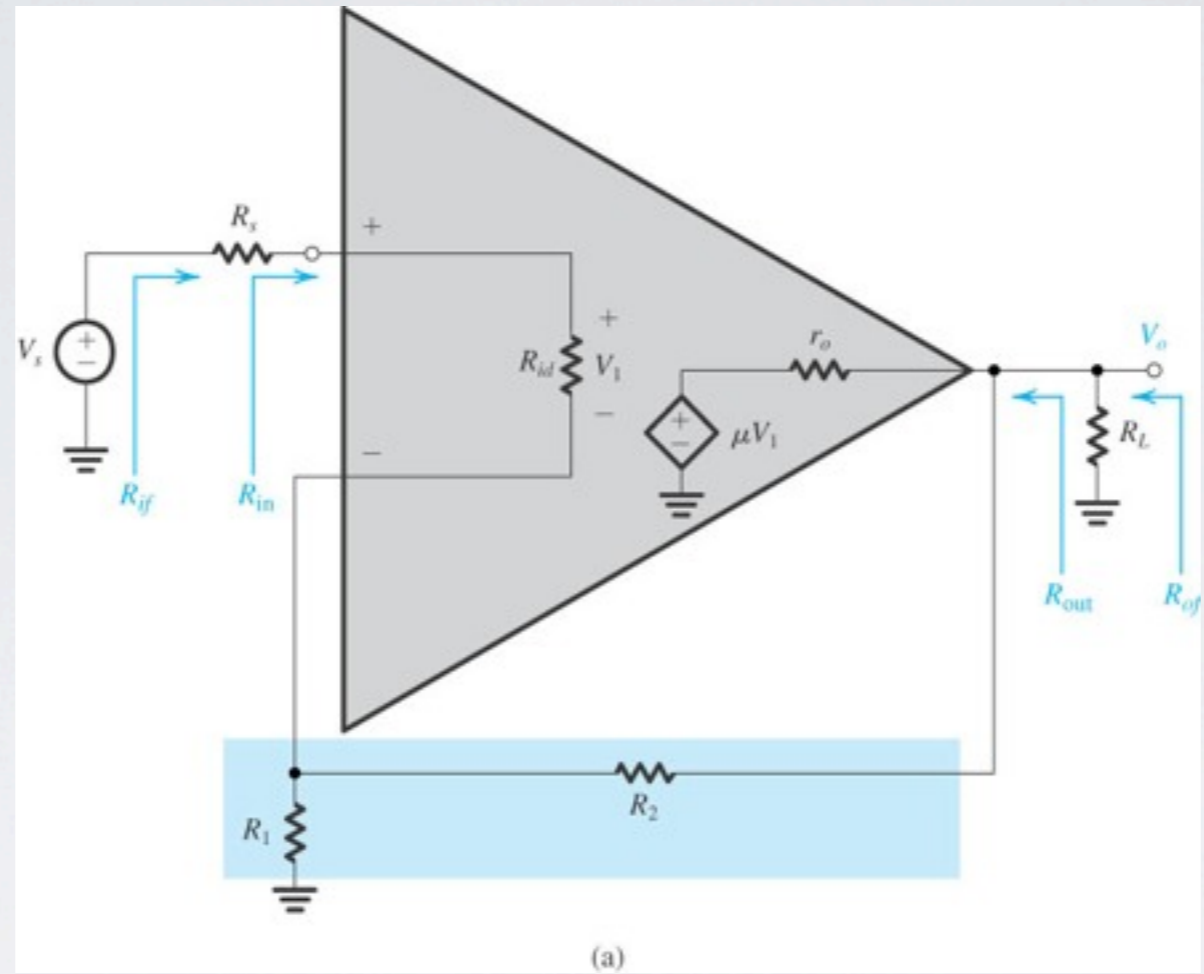
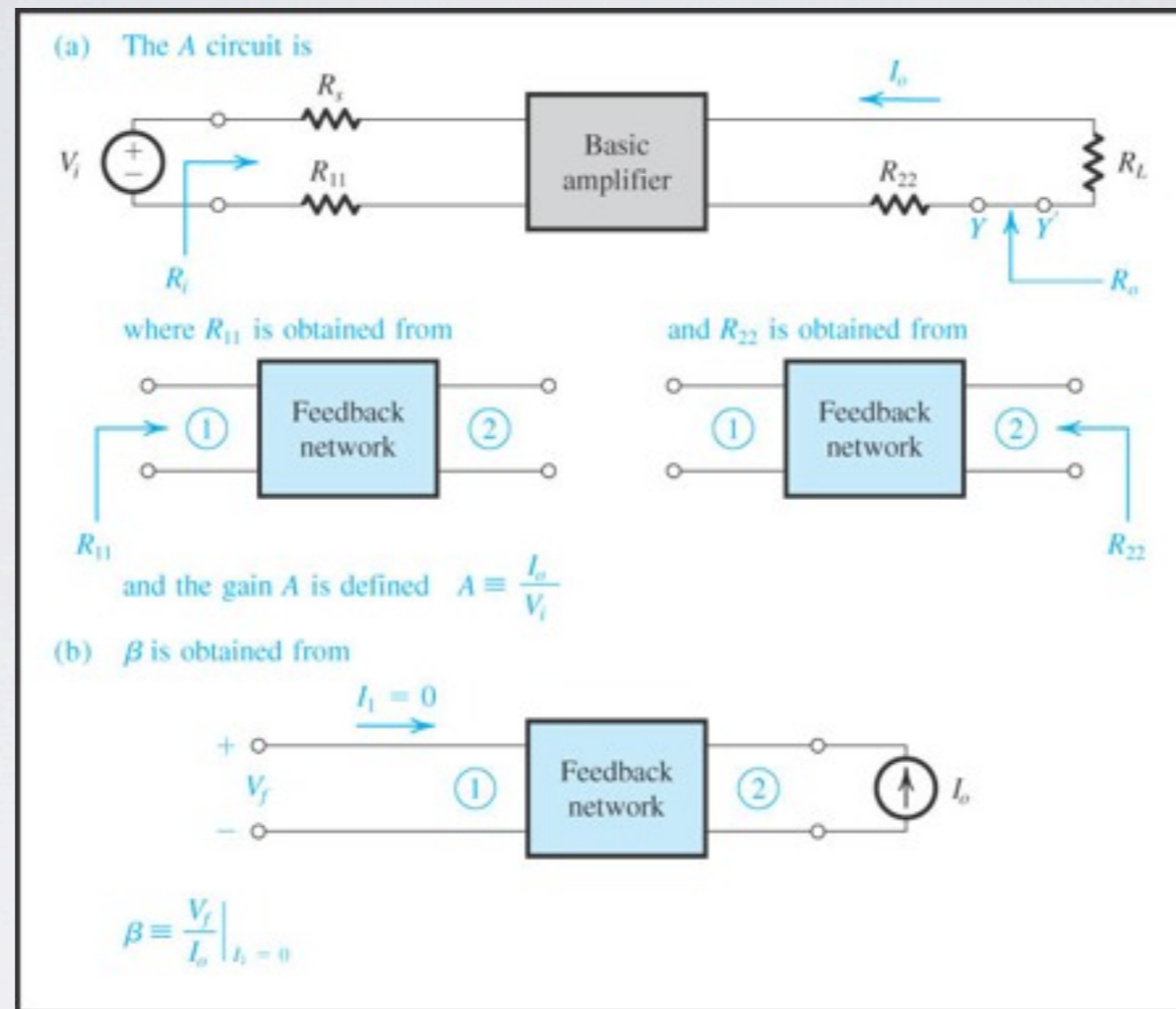
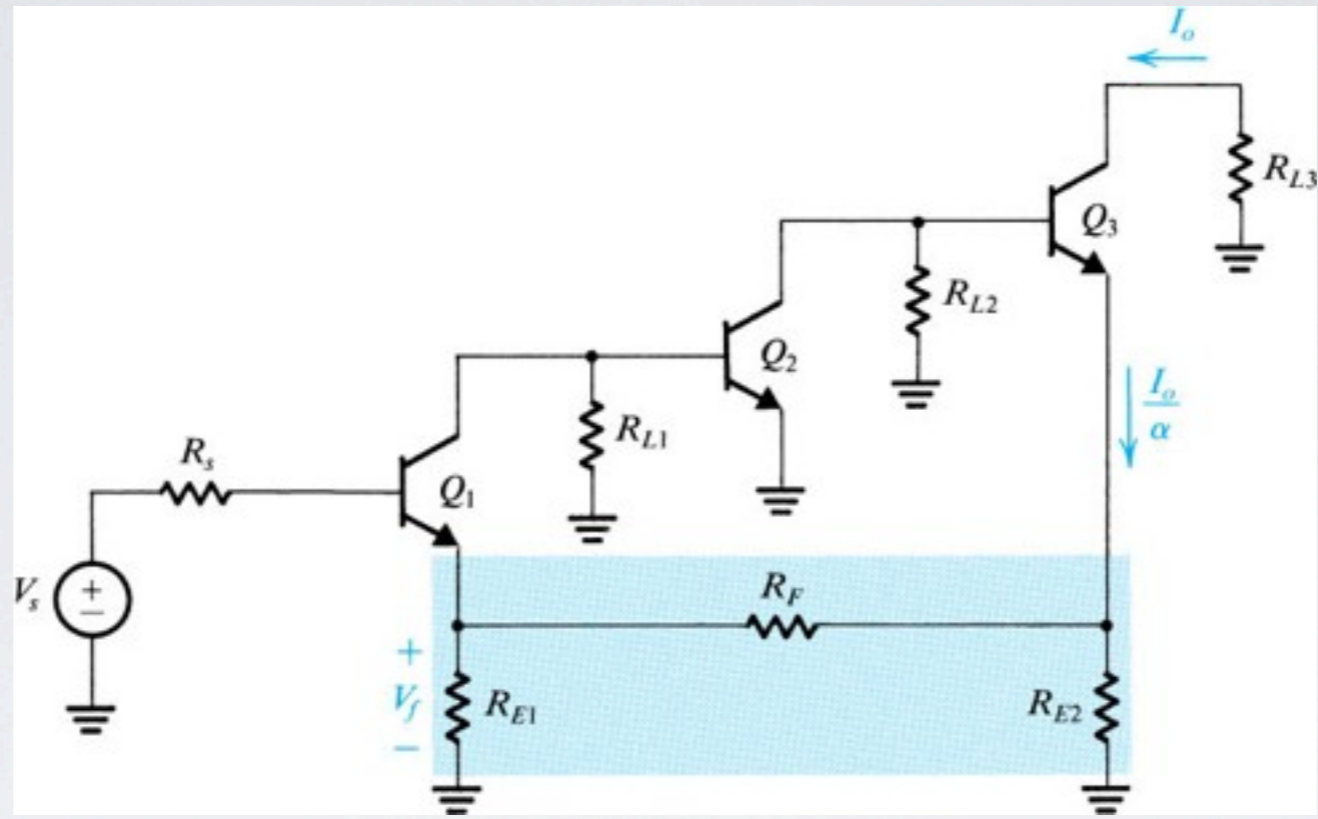


Figure 8.12 Circuits for Example 8.1.



**Figure 8.16** Finding the  $A$  circuit and  $\beta$  for the voltage-mixing current-sampling (series-series) case.



**Figure 8.6** An example of the series-series feedback topology. (Biasing not shown.)

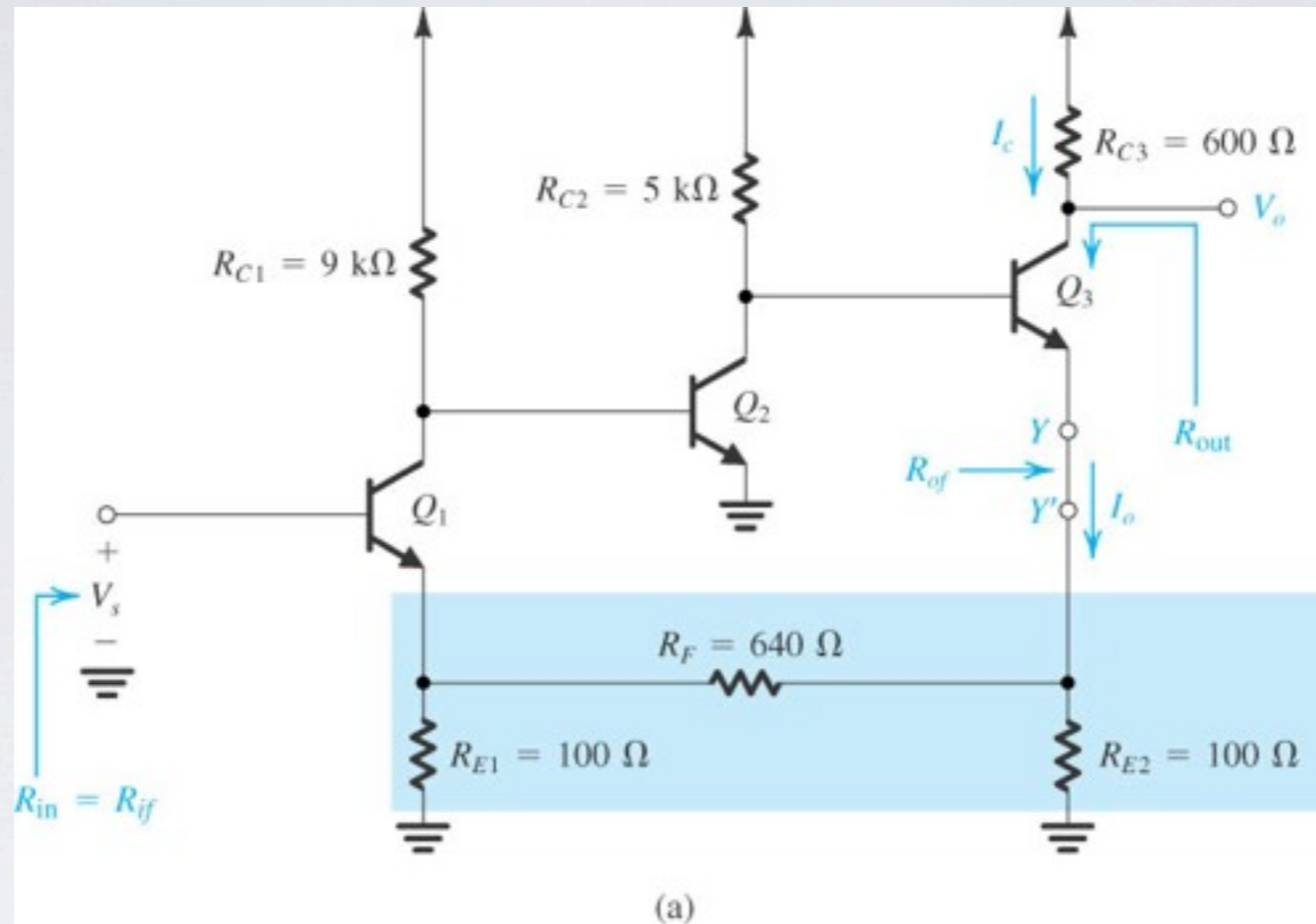
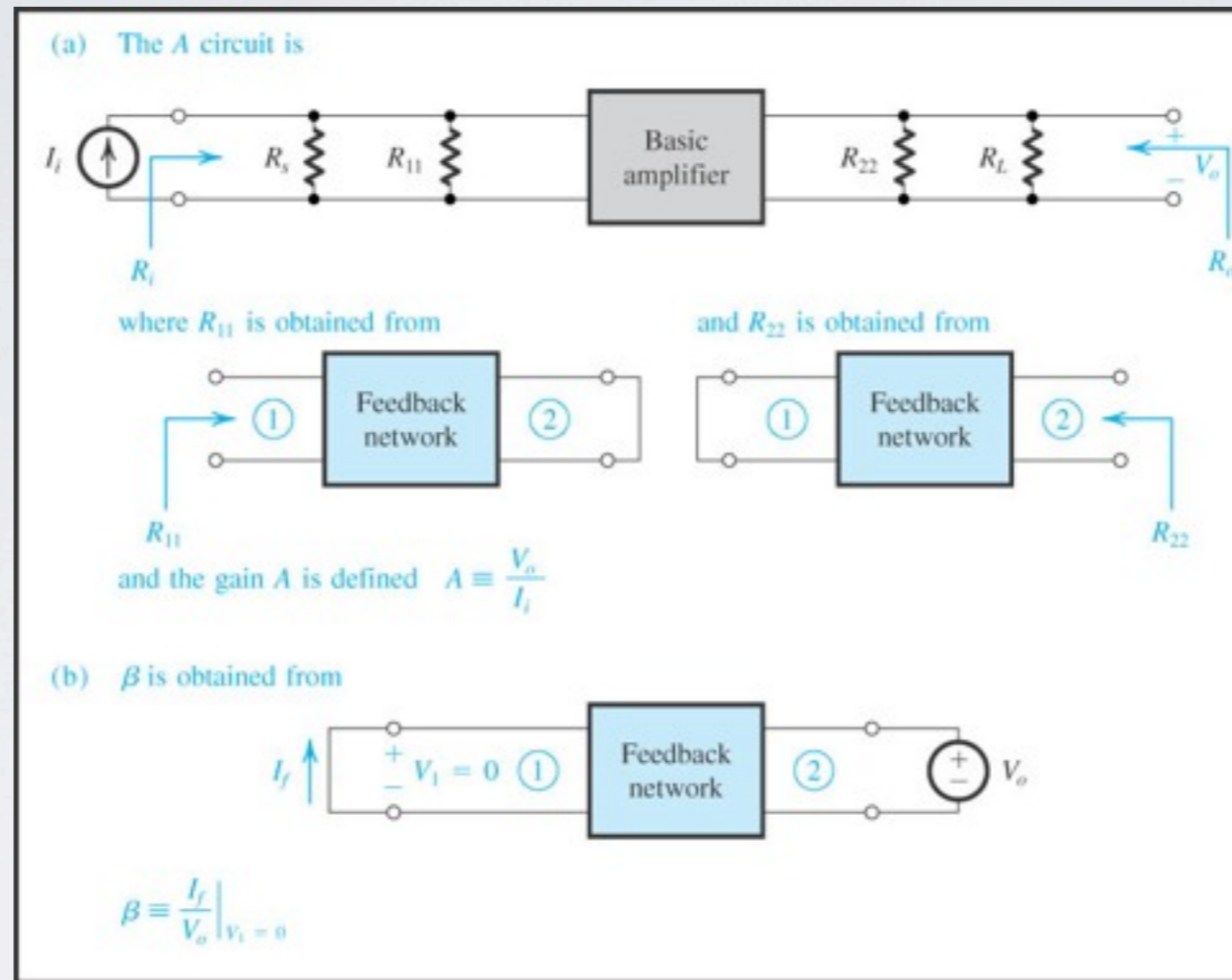


Figure 8.17 Circuits for Example 8.2.

$$I_{C1} = 0.6\text{mA}, I_{C2} = 1\text{mA}, I_{C3} = 4\text{mA}, h_{fe} = 100, r_o = \infty$$



**Figure 8.20** Finding the  $A$  circuit and  $\beta$  for the current-mixing voltage-sampling (shunt–shunt) feedback amplifier in Fig. 8.19.

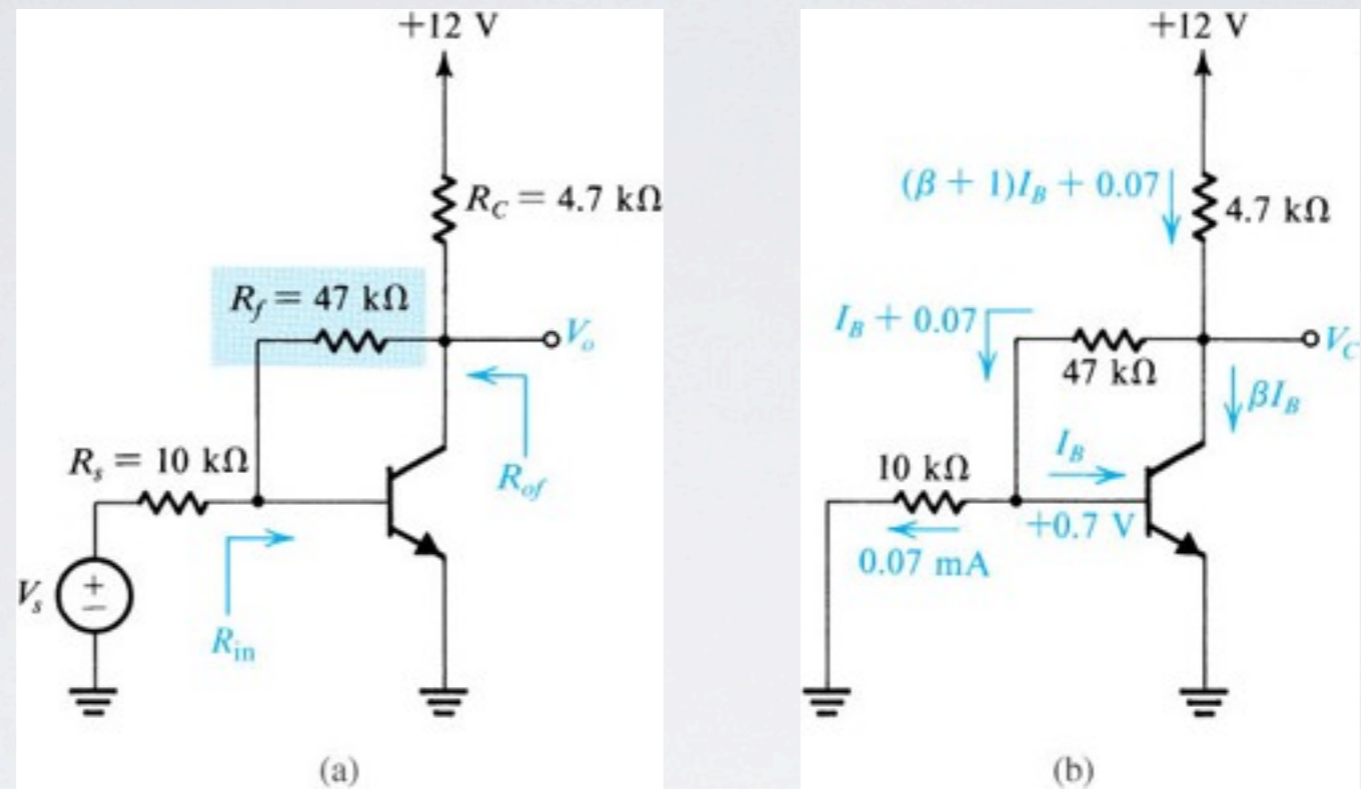
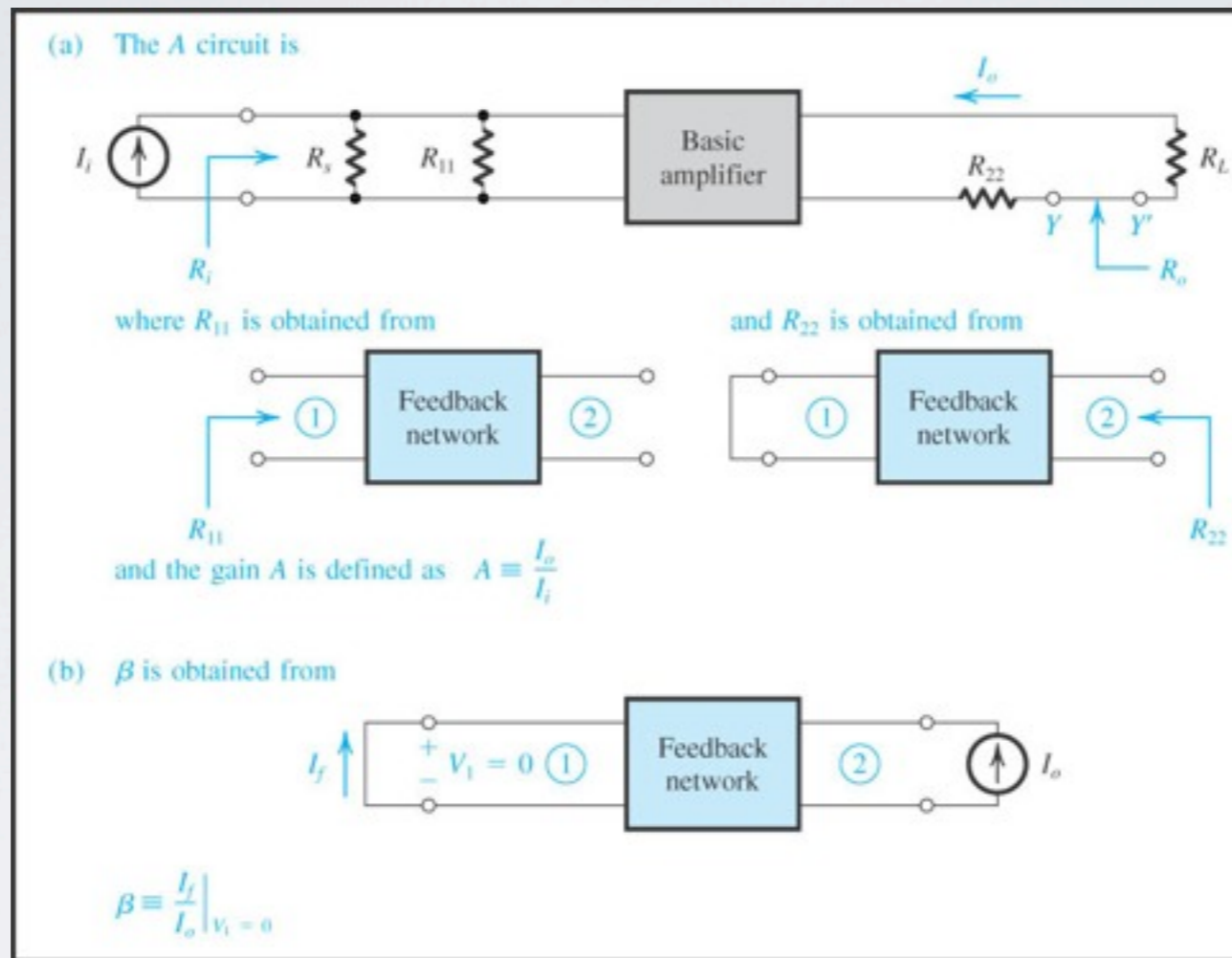


Figure 8.21 Circuits for Example 8.3.

We want to analyze the circuit of Fig. 8.21(a) to determine the small-signal voltage gain  $V_o/V_s$ , the input resistance  $R_{in}$  and the output resistance  $R_{out} = R_{of}$ . The transistor has  $\beta = 100$ .



**Figure 8.24** Finding the  $A$  circuit and  $\beta$  for the current-mixing current-sampling (shunt-series) feedback amplifier of Fig. 8.23.

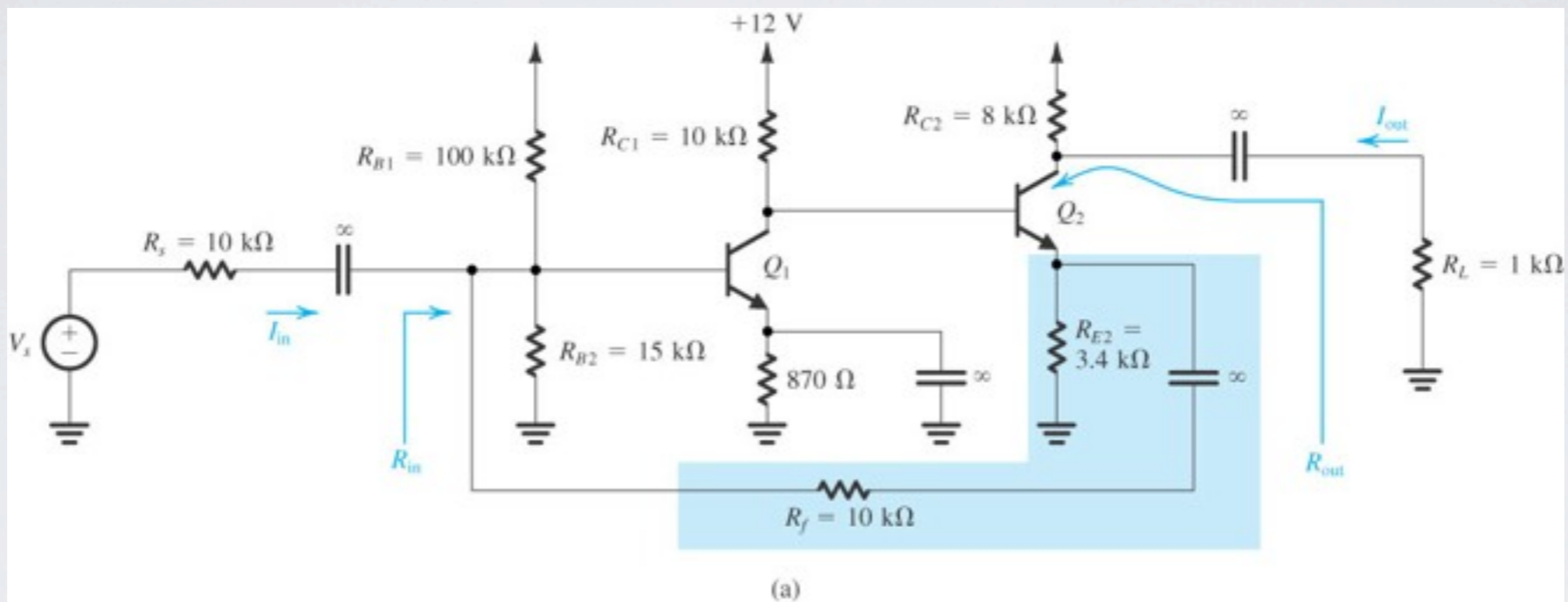
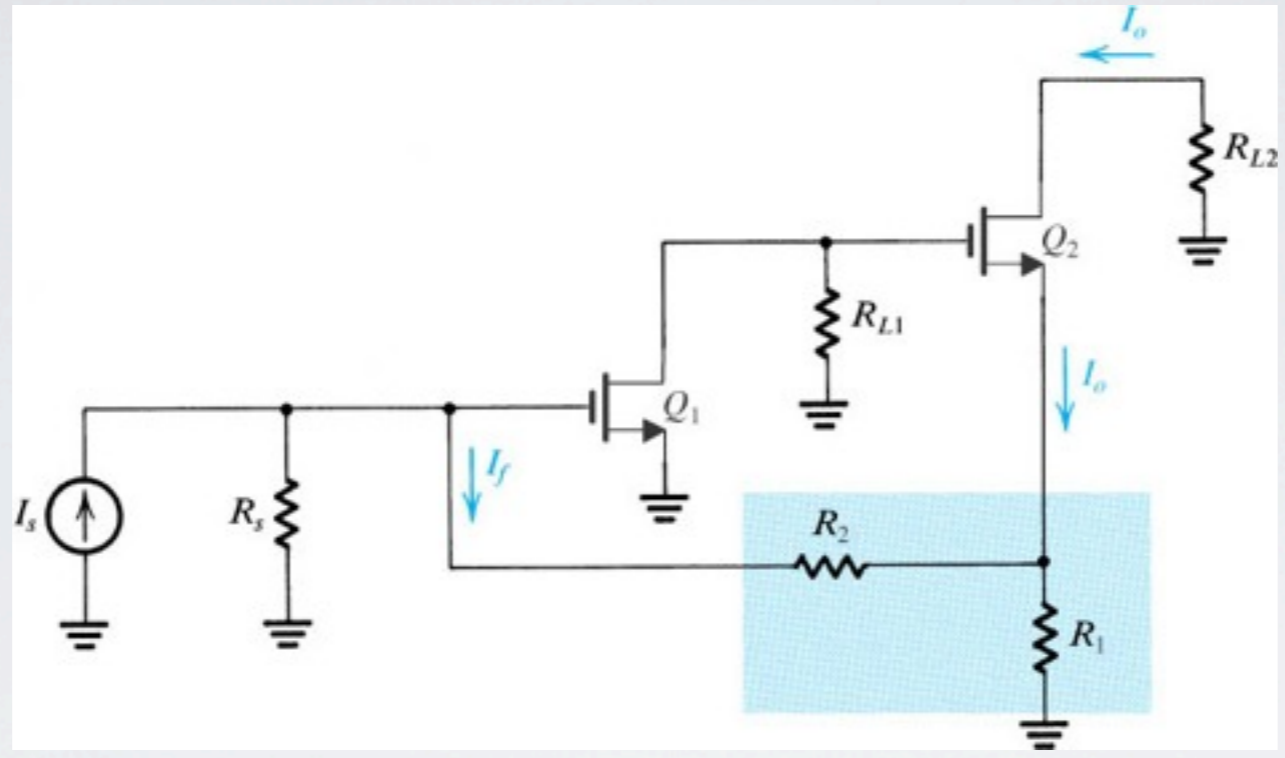
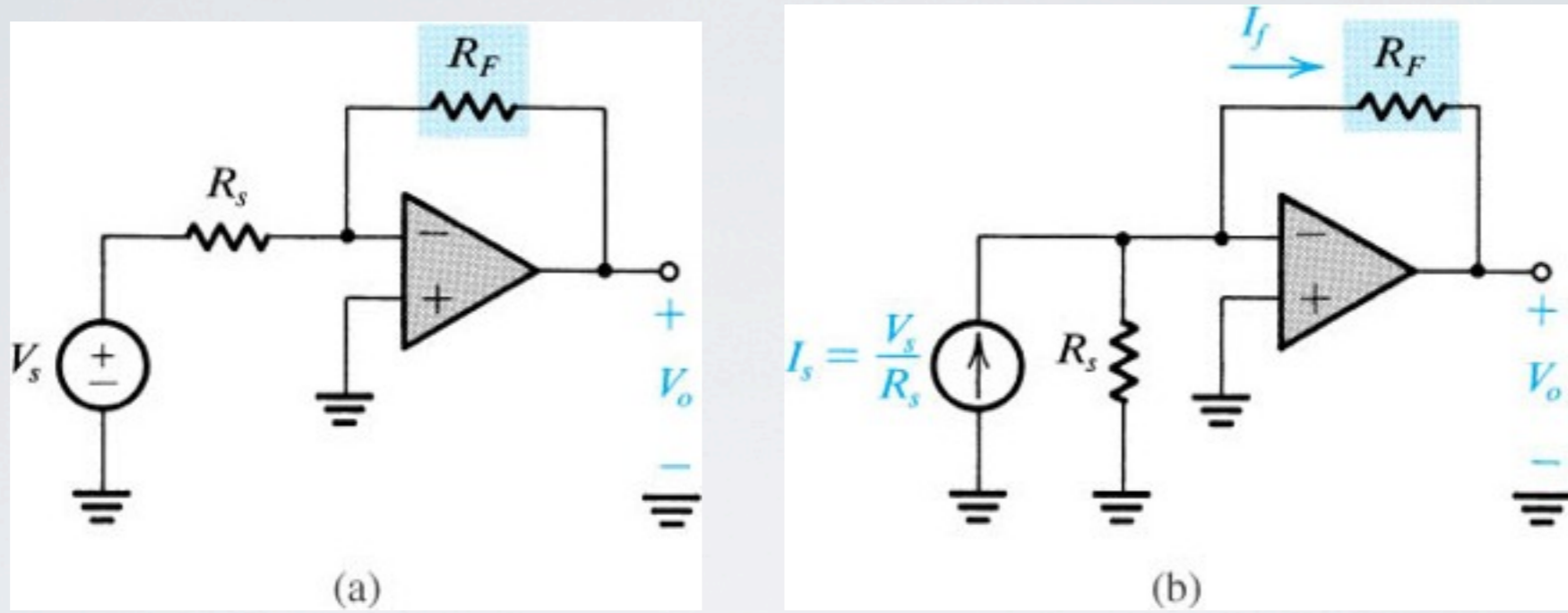


Figure 8.25 Circuits for Example 8.4.

Figure 8.25 shows a feedback circuit of the shunt-series type. Find  $I_{out}/I_{in}$ ,  $R_{in}$ , and  $R_{out}$ . Assume the transistors to have  $\beta = 100$  and  $V_A = 75 \text{ V}$ .



**Figure 8.5** A transistor amplifier with shunt-series feedback. (Biasing not shown.)



**Figure 8.7** (a) The inverting op-amp configuration redrawn as (b) an example of shunt–shunt feedback.

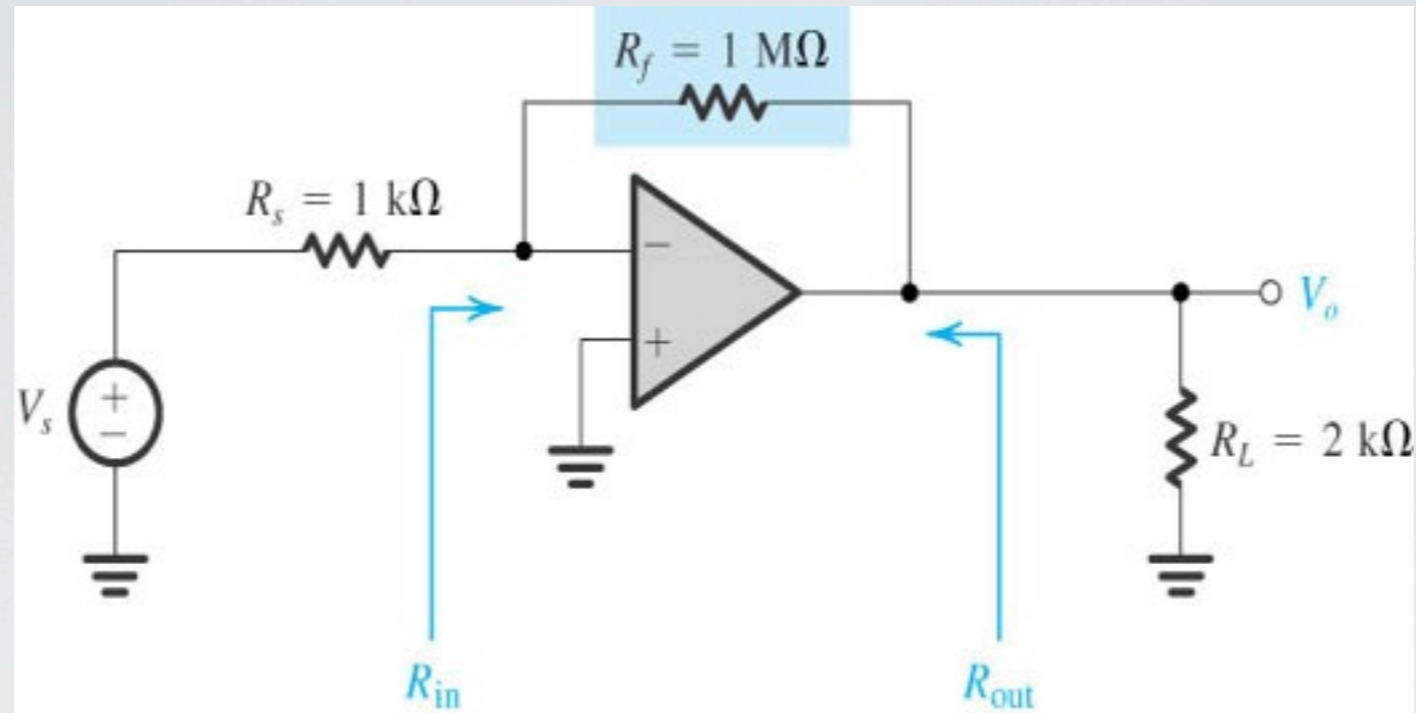


Figure E8.7

Exercise 8.7: Use the feedback method to find the voltage gain  $V_o/V_i$ , the input resistance  $R_{in}$  and the output resistance  $R_{out}$  of the above inverting op-amp configuration. Let the op-amp have open-loop gain  $\mu = 10^4 \text{ V/V}$ ,  $R_{id} = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ , and  $r_o = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ . (Hint: The feedback is of the shunt-shunt type.)