



The amplifier sketched above has a single coupling capacitor C_C . The transistor's parasitic capacitance C_π is very small and can be neglected. The high-frequency pole of the circuit is determined by the transistor's capacitance C_μ .

On the right-hand side a plot displays the frequency response for the amplifier's gain, $A = v_{out}/v_s$.

Assume that the transistor's d.c. operating current is $i_C = 0.5\text{mA}$ and $\beta = 75$. Neglect r_O .

Find:

1. R_C .
2. C_C .
3. C_μ if Miller's Theorem is applied and the output capacitor neglected. Use $R_C = 2\text{k}\Omega$ instead of the value you found in part 1.
4. C_μ without applying Miller's Theorem, by replacing the transistor with its model and analyzing the resulting circuit to determine the resistance "seen" by C_μ . Use $R_C = 2\text{k}\Omega$ instead of the value you found in part 1.